### Year 4 Knowledge Map—Advent 2

Geography - European countries, capitals

### **Science - Electricity**

## and topography

# Geography

How many European countries can you remember without looking?

Key Vocabulary Things we already know New vocabulary natural features of the land such as, mountains, beaches and rivers geography Features that have been man made such as. Human geography cities, farms and harbours Continent A continent is a massive area of land that is separated by water or other natural features Capital Cities Are usually the largest cities in their regions. Land or ground or the natural characteristics of Terrains the Earth's surface A larger area of land that is different from other Region areas with its own customs, characteristics of geographical feature Climate Climate is the unusual or average weather conditions over a long period of time. Climate zones The weather changes in different parts of the world. The world has differen climate zones. Population The number of people living in a country, city or area. Places people lives such as, cities, Settlement towns and villages.

1 - France Spain Belgium 4- Netherlands 5- Portugal 6- Germany

7- Italy

8- Greece

9- Poland 10- Turkey

11- Norway

12- Sweden

13- Ukraine

**PE:** This term, Year 4 will be learning about Gymnastics and Netball (invasion games). We will develop skills of balance and movement as well as our skills in defending and teamwork. Please bring a warm P.E. kit into school.



















Science



socket



Sockets allow electrical equipment to be connected to the alternating current (AC) power supply in buildings and at other sites.

An electrical appliance is a appliance device that uses electricity to perform a function.

Components connected in series appliance are connected along a single series circuit path, so the same current flows through all of the components.

An insulator is a material whose insulator internal electric charges do not flow freely.

> How many electrical appliances can you find in your home?

What would life be like if we did not have electricity?

An electrical circuit is a completed path through which an electrical current flows. A buzzer is an automatic buzzers signalling device. They are used as alarms and door bells. A conductor is an object or type conductor of material that allows the flow of an electrical current in one or more directions A battery is a device that stores battery chemical energy and makes it available in an electrical form. An electrical cell is a device that cells is used to generate electricity. A switch is an electrical switch component that can 'make' or 'break' an electrical circuit.

> In what ways can electricity be made?

#### Sticky Knowledge about electricity

- Electricity can be generated by from power stations, wind, the sun, water and even animal pool
- Electricity is a type of energy that can build up in one place to flow to
- A power station is a place where electricity is created and sent to our
- Electricity travels at the speed of light, which is more than 186,000 miles per hour
- One flash of lightening could power 1000 houses for a whole year.
- When an electric charge builds up on the surface of an object it makes static electricity. This is why we sometimes have a small electric
- The first power plant opened in 1882 and was opened by Thomas Edison.
- Thomas Edison was a very famous inventor who helped us make the most of electricity from bulbs to

## Maths

True of false

1200 ml = 1.2 L

340 ml = 3.4 L

50 ml = 0.5 L

Factor pairs and Commutativity			
20	5 × 4 = 20		
1 2 4 5 10 20	4 × 5 = 20		
The factors of 20 are 1, 2, 4, 5, 10 and 20. The factor pairs are:	00000 00000 00000		
1 and 20 2 and 10 4 and 5			

In 1 hour, there are 60 minutes

We can use this knowledge to convert hours to minutes

In 1 and a half hours, there are 90 minutes. This is because there are 60 minutes in an hour and 30 minutes in a half hour. 60 + 30 = 90 minutes

	Complete	the	following	sequences
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- 30, ....., 90, ....., 180, ....., ....., 300
- ..., 40, ....., 80, 100, ....., 140, ....., 200, 220, and Times Table assessment at the end of the year. Scan
- 120, 105, ....., 75, 60, ....., ....., .....

**Multiplication and Division Facts** 

Remember to practice your multiplication and division

multiply

groups of

lots of

times

divide

share

remainder

factor

multiple

product

R.C. Unit: Gift

#### Remember this prayer



Eternal rest grant unto them, O Lord, and let perpetual light shine upon them. May the souls of the faithful departed, through the mercy of God, rest in peace. Amen.

# English



There are three types of sentence - simple, compound and complex.

 Using complex sentences can make it easier to add layers of information and detail when writing.

facts regularly so you know them for your Maths lessons

the QR code to get onto TTRS.

 Complex sentences have at least one subordinate clause that adds more detail and information to the sentence.

Scan the code to find out more about simple, compound and complex sentences. Use the quiz to test your understanding.



**D7** Money Containers



containers such as a pencil cases. We will look at different types of fastenings, stitches and materials used to create these. We will then design and create our own. Scan the code to find out more

**Key vocabulary:** Gift, friendship, loyalty, commitment, rejoice, peace, God's plan.

We are all a gift from God. What qualities do you hope for in a strong, healthy friendship?

information about money containers.



#### Developing a complex sentence

- Simple 'George was feeling excited. It was dark in the forest.'
- Compound 'George was feeling excited and it was dark in the forest.'
- **Complex** 'George was feeling excited, despite the darkness of the forest.'

# Computing Systems and Networks—The Internet

The World Wide Web is part of the internet. The internet is a network of networks that needs to be kept secure. We will be exploring the Internet.